Pikes Peak Region 2013 Business Climate Survey

Cheyenne Mountain Civic Solutions

November 22, 2013

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Peering into the future before it becomes present

Cheyenne Mountain Civic Solutions

Cheyenne Mountain Civic Solutions is a micro nonprofit organization with projects focused on creating greater economic vitality, building capacity in the nonprofit sector and bringing new ideas forward to address issues of poverty and marginalization in the Pikes Peak Region. The 2013 Colorado Springs Business Climate Survey is the third in a biennial series it has undertaken in partnership with Summit Economics.



Focus & Methodology



Past Surveys

2009 -- Focused on Establishing a baseline

 2011 – Focused on Economic Vitality, comparisons to 2009, and drilled down on perceptions of regulations.



Broadened the survey BEYOND business owners, executives and top managers (Primary Group) to include others. The others are a "Secondary" • group of respondents (123) who answered some of the same and some different questions from the 292 member Primary group.

| Secondary Group | Response Percent |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Manager | 34.1% |
| Other Salary Worker | 17.1% |
| Independent Contractor | 15.4% |
| Local Business Owner | 13.0% |
| Supervisor | 9.8% |
| Unemployed | 6.5% |
| Retired | 5.7% |
| Investor/Director.Board | 4.9% |
| Commissioned Sales | 4.1% |
| Other | 3.3% |
| Other Hourly Worker | 1.6% |
| answered question | 123 |

2013 Survey

- Looks at broader issues of business climate.
- Attempted to drill down on:
 - Economic Base and Employment Creation
 - Young Professionals
 - Targeted sectors of the CSRBA
- Attempted to access members of different Chambers in region .



Collection Methodology

| CSRBA | 46% |
|---|----------|
| Summit Network | 35% |
| CONO, CSBJ, CS Technology Incubator, | |
| Downtown Partnership, Gazette, GWPGCC, | Under 7% |
| KRDO, Leadership Pikes Peak, Manitou | each |
| Chamber, MME, QLI, Rising Professionals, | Cacii |
| Social Media, Tri-Lakes EDC, Workforce Center | |

response from manufacturing, finance & insurance, and larger firms in general. Lowered response from retail.

25 business groups were invited to distribute the survey via an e-mail link. 19 assisted. Invitees were selected based upon broad-based membership. 525 people started the survey, of which 292 were senior managers, executives or owners (primary respondents) and 123 were secondary respondents comprised primarily of other workers (managers, salaried and contract workers). Approximately 400 completed some aspect of the survey.



Respondent Demographics



| 2-DIGIT NAICS CODE | Survey | 2011 CBP | 2011 Survey |
|--|------------|-------------|----------------|
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 19.9% | 15.6% | 28.0% |
| Finance and insurance | 10.2% | 6.7% | 7.4% |
| Other services (except public administration) | 9.2% | 9.5% | 6.1% |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | 9.0% | 6.3% | 11.6% |
| Construction | 6.2% | 9.8% | 15.8% |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | 6.0% | 1.4% | 3.9% |
| Health care and social assistance | 5.6% | 12.1% | 7.1% |
| Retail trade | 5.6% | 12.3% | 6.4% |
| Manufacturing | 5.4% | 2.9% | 4.2% |
| Accommodation and food services | 5.2% | 8.1% | |
| Information | 5.0% | 1.8% | 1.0% |
| Educational services | 4.6% | 1.7% | 3.2% |
| Utilities | 2.0% | 0.1% | 1.3% |
| Management of companies and enterprises | 1.8% | 0.5% | |
| Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services | 1.4% | 5.8% | |
| Wholesale trade | 1.2% | 3.2% | 1.0% |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting | 0.6% | 0.1% | |
| Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction | 0.4% | 0.2% | 0.3% |
| Transportation and warehousing | 0.2% | 1.8% | 1.6% |
| Industry Overrepresented | Industry U | Inderrepre | esented |
| Source: Summit Economics, US Census | | | |

What industry is your organization in?

Compared to 2011 County Business Patterns (CBP) and Survey



How many employees does your company have working in the Pikes Peak Region?

| Organization | | 2011 | 2011 | 2009 |
|--------------|--------|------|--------|--------|
| Size | Survey | CBP | Survey | Survey |
| 1-9 | 54% | 77% | 57% | 46% |
| 10-24 | 18% | 12% | 16% | 20% |
| 25-99 | 15% | 9% | 17% | 18% |
| 100-499 | 8% | 2% | 8% | 11% |
| 500+ | 5% | 0.2% | 2% | 5% |

County Business Patterns estimated for 10-24 and 25-99

Organizations with under 10 employees are underrepresented.



Organizational Contribution to Community

| | Export as | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Firm Size | % of | Net Jobs | | Number of |
| (Employees) | Revenues | Since 2011 | Jobs/Firm | Firms |
| 1-9 | 40% | 96 | 0.6 | 150 |
| 10-24 | 44% | 143 | 2.9 | 50 |
| 25-99 | 54% | 402 | 9.8 | 41 |
| 100-499 | 42% | 510 | 25.5 | 20 |
| 500 | 45% | 996 | 71.1 | 14 |
| Total | 43% | 2147 | 7.8 | 275 |
| Summit Economic | cs, 2013 PPR BC | S | | |

All firm size categories are export driven (% revenues from outside the Pikes Peak Region). This is somewhat overstated given over and under representation by industry. Total new job creation is over stated due to survey bias towards larger firms. However, all firm size categories created more jobs than were lost on average.



Satisfaction with the Pikes Peak Region Business Climate



How would you rate your satisfaction with the overall business climate in the Pikes Peak Region?

| | Sep-13 | Oct-11 | Apr-09 |
|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Very satisfied | 3.9% | 2.4% | 4.3% |
| Satisfied | 16.6% | 15.7% | 21.0% |
| Somewhatsatisfied | 38.8% | 43.7% | 39.2% |
| Not very satisfied | 40.4% | 38.0% | 35.5% |
| No opinion | 0.7% | 0.3% | 0.0% |
| answered question | 415 | 390 | 186 |

Levels of satisfaction has become slightly more polarized since 2011 – greater dispersion of responses over all categories and reduction in "Somewhat satisfied".

A large and growing percent are "Not very satisfied"

How would you rate the local business climate in the Pikes Peak Region compared to two years ago?

| | Sept 13 | Oct 11 | Apr 09 |
|-------------------|---------|--------|--------|
| Much Better | 2.5% | 1.3% | 0.0% |
| Better | 31.6% | 16.4% | 3.0% |
| About the Same | 38.7% | 39.9% | 20.0% |
| Worse | 20.9% | 31.9% | 55.0% |
| Much Worse | 6.4% | 7.3% | 22.0% |
| answered question | 393 | 383 | 182 |

Despite the higher percentage reporting they are "not very satisfied" with business climate, significantly fewer report conditions being "worse" than 2011 and more report conditions are "better"



In your opinion, what are top problems/barriers your organization faces in doing business from an El Paso or Teller County location?

1 Thing on their Mind

2013

Showing 24 Most Important Words and Phrases

Access Airline Service Airport Attracting Business City

Council Community Economic Economy Elected Officials Funding

Government Growth Local Low Political Qualified Region Regulation Taxes

Transportation Travel Weather Disasters Young

Showing 28 Most Important Words and Phrases

Airport Banks Business Capital City Council City Management Colorado Springs Companies Competition Consumer

Confidence Customers Economic Economy Getting

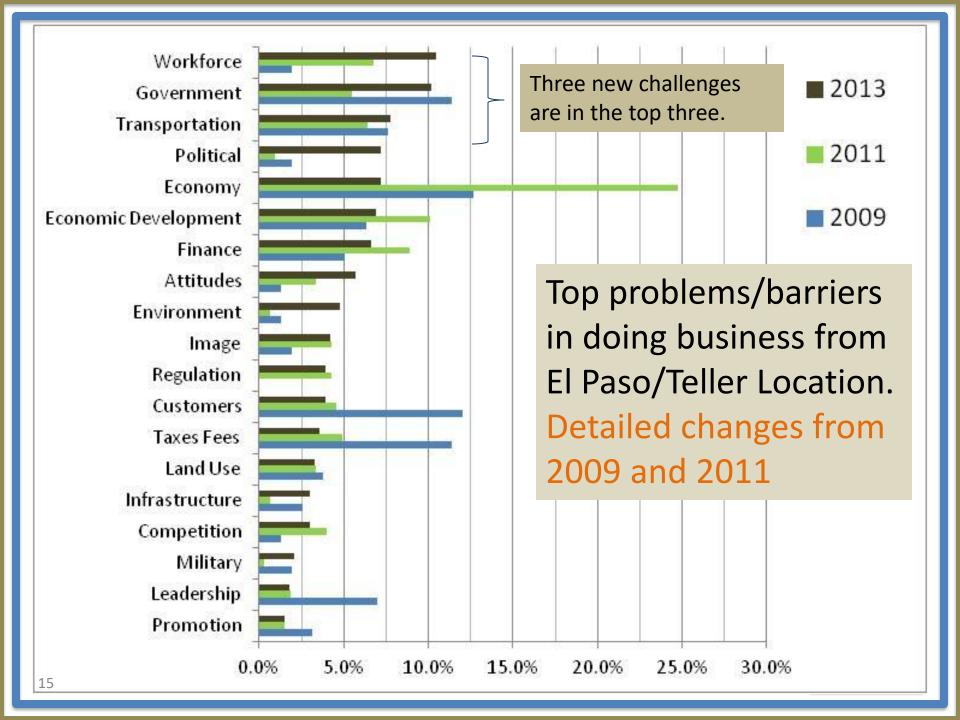
Government Growth Job Local Market Perception

Poor Public Resources Qualified Regulation Spending Tax

Transportation Unemployment

2011
El Paso
County only





World Class Business Climate?



Components of a World Class Business Climate

- Infrastructure
- Access to finance
- Regulatory Environment
- Entrepreneurial Culture
- Skilled work force
- Opportunities for work force outside of work
- Young professionals, technical workers, and creatives

How would you rate the business climate in the Pikes Peak Region related to the following.

| Business Climate Factor | Rating -2 to 2 | |
|---|----------------|---------------------|
| Opportunities for work force outside of work (recreation and education) Skilled work force | 1.15 0.26 | Leverage Points |
| Infrastructure (utilities, transportation, and telecommunications) | d 0.05 | Constraints |
| Access to finance for organizational growth | -0.17 | to Improve |
| Local regulatory environment (non- federal) that supports business creation in the area An entrepreneurial culture supporting st ups and mentorship | -0.43 | Problems Needing |
| Ability to attract young professionals an technical workers | | Attention |
| Positive ranking is above neutral indicating better | 301 | |

Best score is 2. Negative is below neutral indicating worse or less competitive. Worst socre is -2

410 responses



Infrastructure



How would you rate the following local infrastructures in terms of their impact on your organization?

| Electric power | Average Rating 0.35 | Degree of Importance 77% | % indicating infrastructure is important to their organization |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Natural gas | 0.24 | 72% | |
| Internet | 0.23 | 95% | Critically Important |
| Telecommunications | 0.20 | 95% | Critically important |
| Water and waste water | -0.07 | 69% | Least Important |
| Stormwater | -0.43 | 69% | Least Important |
| Other transportation | -0.52 | 81% | |
| Airport | -0.71 | 81% | |
| Maximum rate = 2 N | | | |

With the exception of the airport, all are pretty close to neutral.



What changes to the transportation infrastructure would improve the local business climate?

Showing 28 Most Important Words and Phrases

Airport Attract more Carriers Better Airline Service

Buses Connections Denver Downtown East

West Fewer Flights Fly out of CS Growth 125 Improve

Local Employers Major Roadways Manitou Parking Lots

Powers PPRTA Repair Road Construction Schedules Self

Traffic Transportation Trolley System Water



Finance



Did your business attempt to obtain financing within the past two years?

| Size of Firm | 1-9 | 10-24 | 25-99 | 100- 499 | 500+ | Total |
|--|-----|-------|-------|-------------|------|-------|
| % Who Sought Financing Last 2 Years | 27% | 49% | 32% | 57% | 27% | 34% |
| Of those who sought | | | | | | |
| % Found it Difficult to Very Difficult | 68% | 62% | 31% | 58% | 25% | 58% |

- Smallest and largest companies are the least likely to have sought financing.
- Only 10% of total found it very easy.
- Smallest firms most challenged when they do seek financing.
- Primarily debt. Exclusively equity only 13%
- Half sought funding only within Region

| Type of Financing Sought | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Debt | | 54.6% | | | |
| Equity | | 13.4% | | | |
| Both | | 26.8% | | | |
| Grants | | 5.2% | | | |
| Where Financing Sought | | | | | |
| Within Co Springs | lorado | 51.5% | | | |
| Outside (Springs | Colorado | 21.6% | | | |
| Both | | 26.8% | | | |
| answere | d question | 97 | | | |
| | | | | | |



Regulations



Describe the most cumbersome local (city, county or state) regulation your business encounters.

There is no strong consensus on specific city, county and state regulatory burdens. When multiple issues are combined it appears the land entitlement process and construction and development permitting and approval process is most burdensome.

| Permitting issues | 17.1% |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Regional Building | 8.9% |
| Healthcare issues | 6.2% |
| Utility issues | 4.8% |
| Liscensing | 4.1% |
| Land development issues | 4.1% |
| Zoning | 2.7% |
| Other | 34.2% |
| Answered question | 146 |

Note, half of potential respondents to this

question responded with an issue

Property, sales or payroll tax issues

Showing 27 Most Important Words and Phrases

Business Colorado Springs Control Costs
County Deal Department Government Health
Insurance Infrastructure Initial Inspections Land Development Laws

Local Marijuana Permits Process is Cumbersome

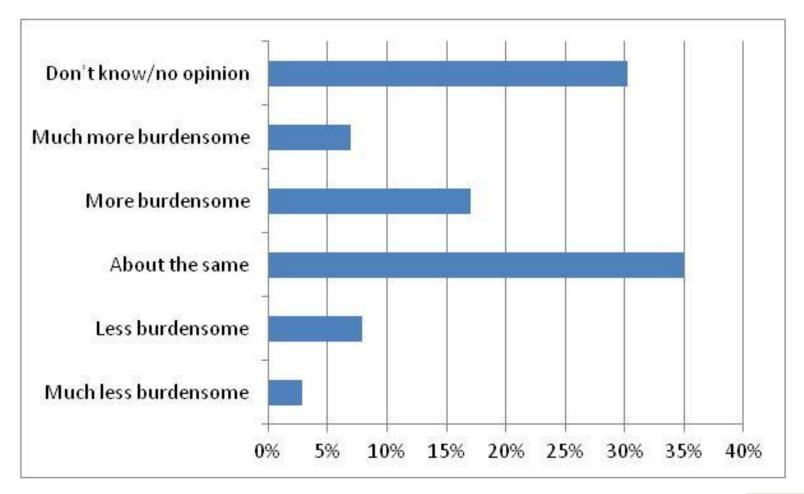
Public RBD Regional Building Regulations

Requirements Tax Taxation Unknown Utilities



17.8%

Regulatory Environment

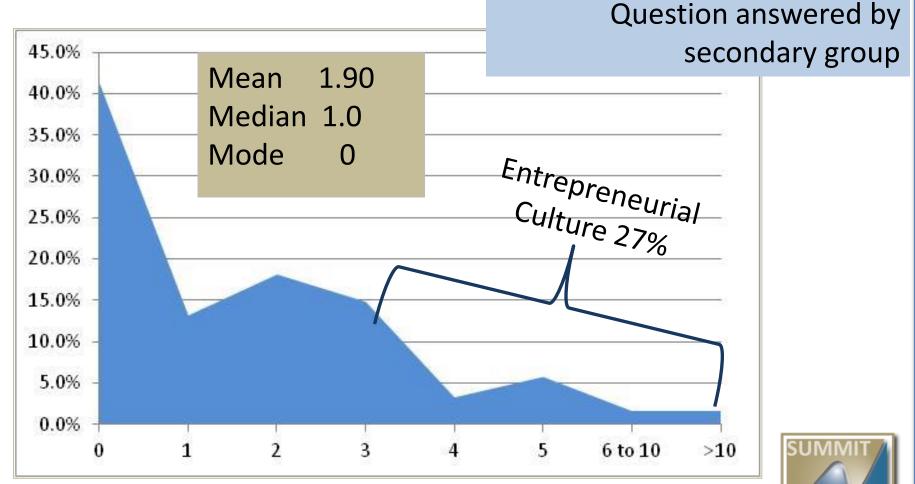




Entrepreneurial Culture



In your network of family, friends, and associates, how many have started a business in the last two years or are likely to start a business in the next two years IN THE PIKES PEAK REGION?





Recent Startups – 19% of Respondents' firms are less than 5 years old and based in the Pikes Peak Region. 78% of the young firms have less than 10 employees.

36% and 43% forecast very high and modest growth respectively

| 43% | | | | sponse ercent | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------------------|--|--|
| | Single owner or Family operation | | | 58.2% | | |
| y high | Start-up by three or lewer unliefated | | | 32.7% | | |
| growth | A franchise | | | 3.6% | | |
| rely | Other | | | 12.7% | | |
| * | answere | d question | | <i>55</i> | | |
| Funded th | nrough cash on hand | 69.1% | | | | |
| Funded with unsecured credit card or | | 18.2% | | | | |
| Funded through retirement savings | | 16.4% | | | | |
| Funded through venture or angel capital | | 12.7% | | | | |
| Other | | 10.9% | | | | |
| Funded with secured debt such as a | | 9.1% | | SUMMIT | | |
| home mo | | | <i>55</i> | | | |
| | answered question | | 99 | FCONOMICS | | |

Work Force



Rate the following workforce issues in terms of the impact they have on your business:

| | Average Rating | Degree of Importance | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Availability of workers with military | - | | | |
| experience | 0.46 | 74% | | |
| Access to workforce training | 0.05 | 90% | | |
| Union/management relations | 0.04 | 69% | | |
| Wage and salary costs | 0.04 | 97% | | |
| Education level of workers | 0.03 | 96% | | |
| Productivity | 0.02 | 97% | | |
| Workforce attitudes | 0.01 | 97% | | |
| State and local workplace regulations | -0.22 | 93% | | |
| Availability of skilled workers | -0.26 | 97% | | |
| Maximum Rate = 2 Minimum Rate = -2 | | | | |

Workforce issues are essentially neutral, yet very important except in the case of workers with military experience and union/management relations.



48% of 281 Respondents indicated their organization experienced difficulties matching job requirements with qualified job applicants in the last two years.

| Sales/marketing | 35.3% |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| Professionals | 23.3% |
| Engineers/scientists | 21.1% |
| Semi-skilled professionals | 21.1% |
| Computer programmers and analysts | 20.3% |
| Supervisor/managerial | 20.3% |
| Customer support | 15.8% |
| Computer technicians and operators | 9.8% |
| Clerical/administrative | 9.0% |
| Unskilled | 9.0% |
| Other | 9.0% |
| Manufacturing | 6.8% |
| Lab/tech personal | 4.5% |
| Healthcare professionals | 4.5% |
| | |

Responses are consistent with low ranking of "availability of skilled workers"

>

The healthcare sector was underrepresented in the survey.



Young Talent



What is the intensity of need for younger talent (under 40) in your organization?

| | Size of Firm | | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|-------|-------|---------|-----------|-------|
| | 1-9 | 10-24 | 25-99 | 100-499 | 500+ | Total |
| Strong | 28% | 38% | 39% | 45% | 60% | 34% |
| Moderate | 30% | 47% | 44% | 23% | 33% | 35% |
| Slight | 23% | 8% | 12% | 23% | 7% | 18% |
| None | 19% | 8% | 5% | 9% | 0% | 13% |
| answered question | 148 | 53 | 41 | 22 | <i>15</i> | 279 |

Showing 27 Most Important Words and Phrases

Age College Colorado Springs Customers Denver Employees Experience Future Grow Hard Working Hire Issues Junior Learn Lower Next Generation

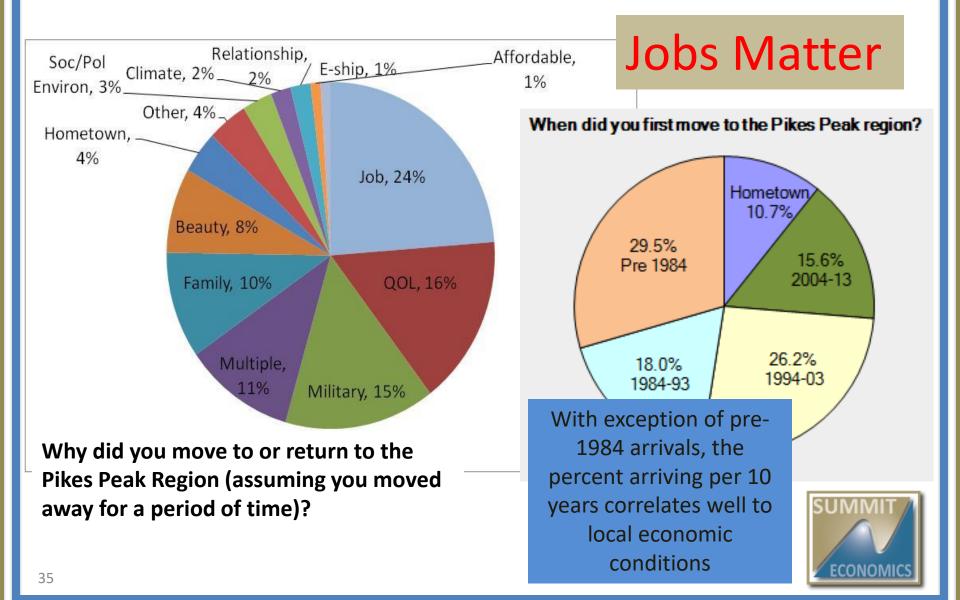
Operation Productive Reputation Sales Force Social Media Staff

Talent Trades Workforce Young
Younger Elaborating on need – Key Words

Larger firms have greater relative need for younger talent



Why & When the Workforce Came



Preferences & Recommendations



What changes could local government undertake to improve the business climate for your organization?

| Fund more economic development intiatives | 55.8% | Clear Favorite |
|--|-------|----------------|
| Reduce regulatory burdens | 39.7% | Second Tier – |
| Streamline permit approval process | 39.0% | |
| Invest more in the stormwater system | 38.0% | reduce burdens |
| Fund more street maintenance/pothole repairs | 37.7% | and maintain |
| Enhance arts and culture | 32.5% | infrastructure |
| Ease local street and road congestion | 31.0% | |
| Improve K-12 public education | 29.5% | Third Tier |
| Reduce licensing burdens | 28.3% | |
| Invest more in parks, recreation and open space | 27.3% | |
| Improve public safety | 18.6% | Not as |
| Cut local taxes | 17.6% | important as |
| Increase local taxes | 17.6% | many think? |
| Approve more affordable housing and/or apartment | 16.1% | • |
| Reduce pension costs | 15.4% | |
| None | 1.0% | SUMMIT A |
| Answered question 403 | | |

Pick what you think the TOP FIVE economic development goals should be for the P.P. Region

| Create new jobs with above average wages and salaries | 53% |
|---|-------------------|
| Focus on retaining and attracting younger workers (under 40) to | 46% |
| the community | 4070 |
| Be economically diverse | 43% |
| Focus on developing a climate which promotes | 40% |
| entrepreneurship | 40 /0 |
| Be known as having a world class business environment | 34% |
| Be known for local government that is highly efficient and | 34% |
| effective | 3 4 /0 |
| Revitalize Downtown Colorado Springs | 34% |
| Minimize local government barriers to business to promote | 32% |
| growth | JZ 70 |
| Focus on redeveloping declining neighborhoods and | 30% |
| commerical areas | JU /0 |

Top 9 preferences among 122 Respondents who answered **NO** to: Are you a business owner, executive, or top local manager for a regional, national, or international operation? (The secondary group)



Where is the greatest opportunity for El Paso and Teller Counties to improve to a World Class Business Climate?

2013

Showing 28 Most Important Words and Phrases

Attract Business City of Champions

Colorado Springs Community

Downtown Encourage Local Entrepreneurial Government

High Tech Higher Improve Jobs Manitou Springs Market

the Area Media Natural New Talent Paso County Poorly Progress

School Stop Taxes Technology Young People

Young Professionals Youth

Showing 28 Most Important Words and Phrases

Attract Business City and County Community

Defense Contracting Denver Development Economic

Education Energy Focus Government Growth Health

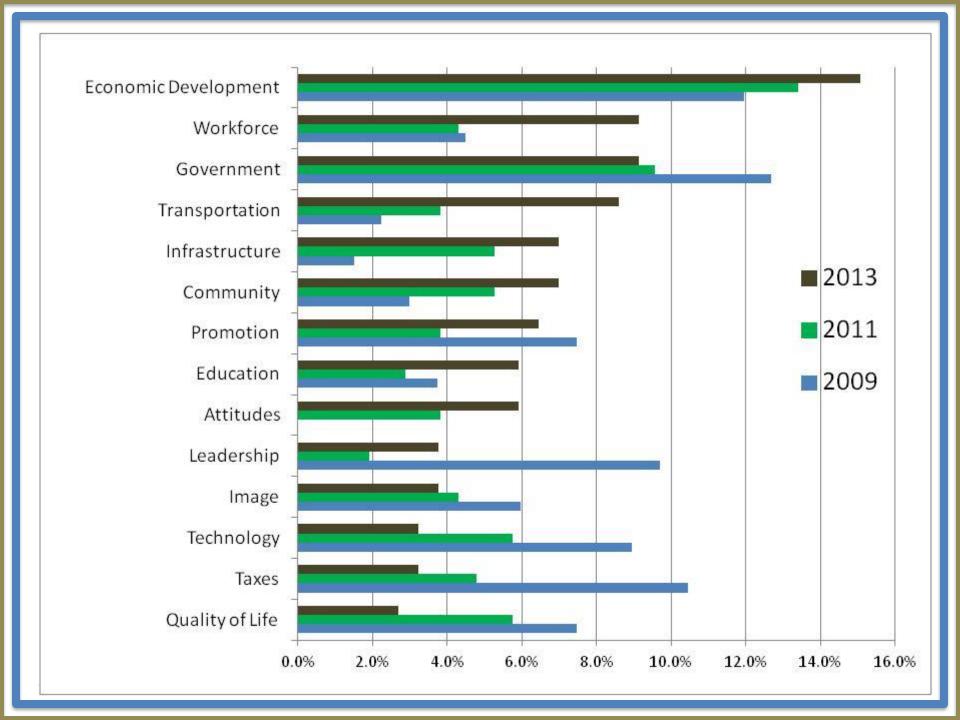
Care Increase Incentives Industry Invest Jobs Manufacturing

Mass Transit Place to Live Public Quality of Life

Regional Roads Strong TABOR TAX

2011 Where is the GREATEST OPPORTUNITY for Colorado Springs and El Paso County to become an OUTSTANDING community for business?





Conclusions

55555

